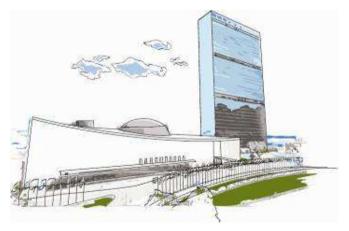


Earth Observations & Telecommunications for Peace & Security

UN Inter-Agency Meeting on Outer Space Activities (UN-SPACE)







ICTD
Department of Field Support
United Nations

UN Peace Operations





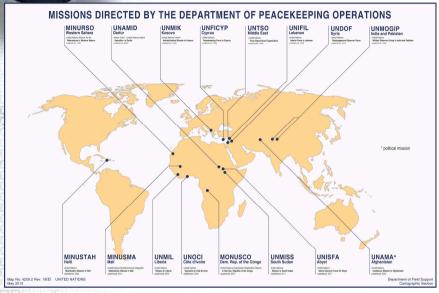








UN Peace Operations



Peacekeeping Budgets

• Jul 2013 - Jun 2014: \$7.2 billions

• Jul 2012 - Jun 2013: \$7.2 billions

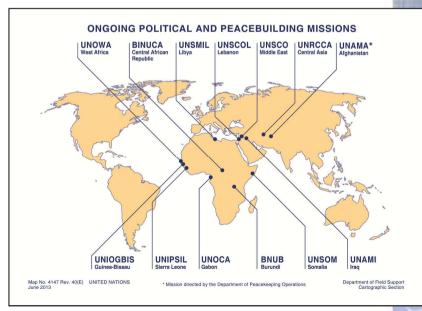
• Jul 2011 - Jun 2012: \$7.8 billions

(source: UN fact sheets)

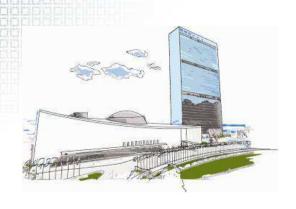


As of January 2014

Personnel	РКО	PPBM
 Current operations 	16	13
 Uniformed personnel 	90,241	456
 International civilian 	5,084	1,280
Local civilian	11,730	2,429
UN Volunteers	2,076	96
• Total:	109,247	4,261

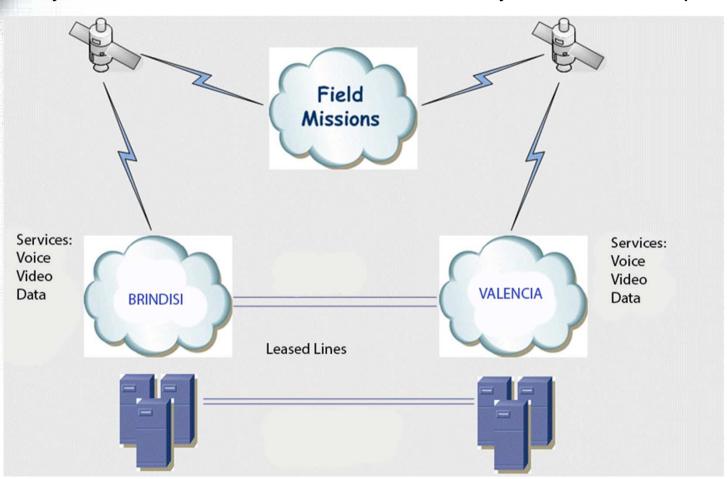


Satellite Telecommunications for UN Peace Operations



DFS Satellite Operations

Fully Redundant Satellite Hubs in Brindisi, Italy and Valencia, Spain





Satellite Services

• Transponder Lease: 420 MHZ

Remote Earth Stations: 260

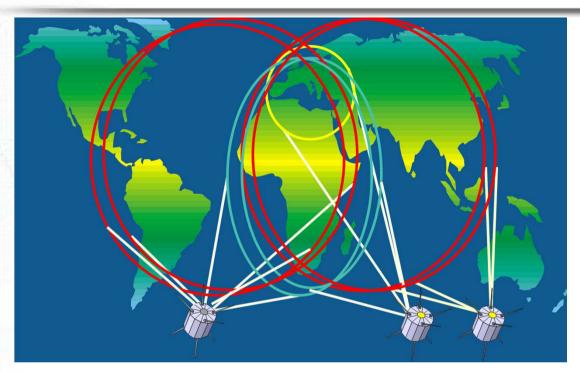
• Satellite Links: ~450



Fully Redundant Satellite Hubs in Brindisi, Italy and Valencia, Spain







Current Satellite Services:

- Leased Transponders C Band and Ku Band
- •Satellite Internet Service providers Evaluating the following technologies for use:
- •X Band
- •Ka Band
- Medium Earth Orbit



MDTS
(Mobile Deployable
Telecoms System)



Deployable Telecoms System



Trailer Mounted Satellite Earth Stations



Portable Solutions

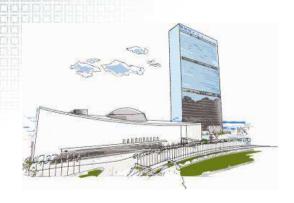






All DFS Supported Missions have portable Satellite phones and Inmarsat terminals for emergency communications with both Voice and Data Capabilities

Geospatial information Requirements for UN Operations





New Phase of GIS in DFS

- Integration with ICT Division (ICTD)
 - As of July 2013, Cartographic Section has merged with ICTD.
 - Expected synergies:
 - . Better access to ICT infrastructure
 - . Leverage existing ICT capacity & opportunity
 - . More GIS-ICT integrated solutions
 - . Resource optimization
- Consolidation & Centralization

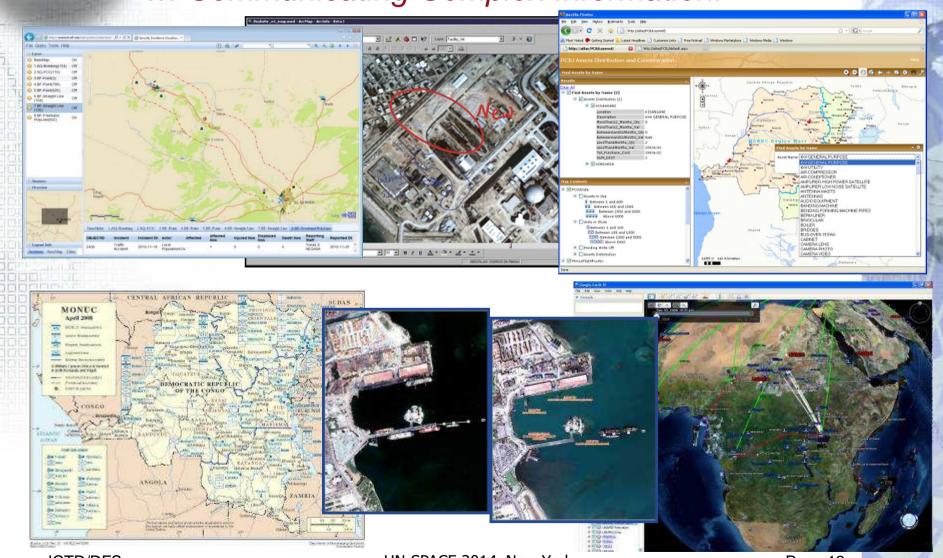
(Part of 2014/15 Peace Keeping Budget proposal/review)

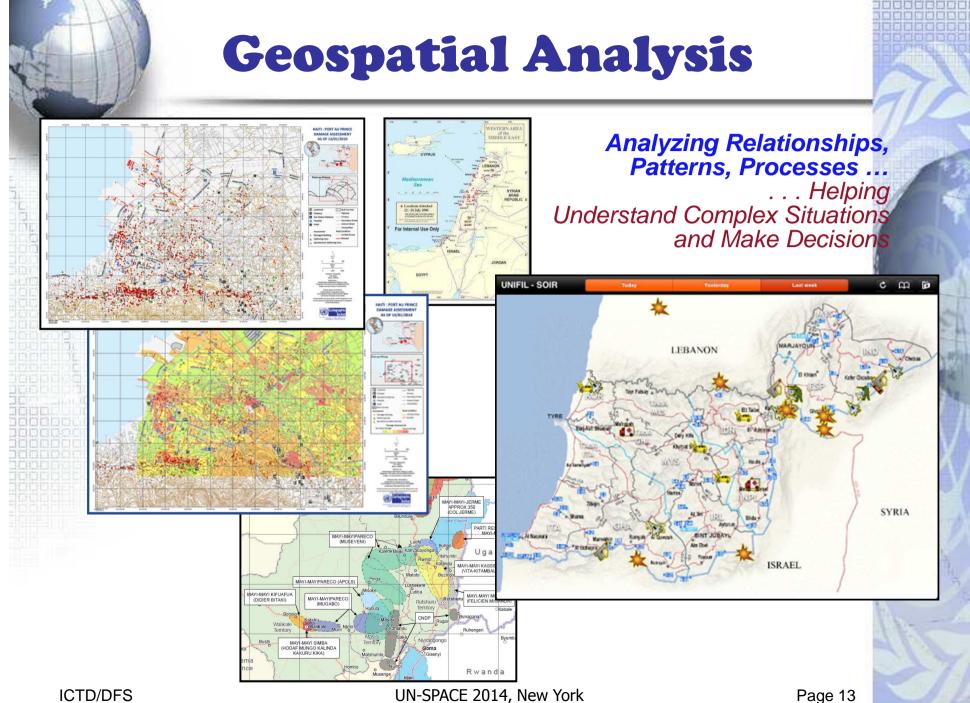
- Review existing DFS/GIS capacity and operational requirements
- Identify functions for consolidation/centralization and leverage existing GIS Centre in UNLB/GSC
- Streamlining GIS for more services to all UN field operations
- Expand Service Level Agreement (SLA) in providing GIS services to other offices/departments



Geospatial Visualisation

... Communicating Complex Information.





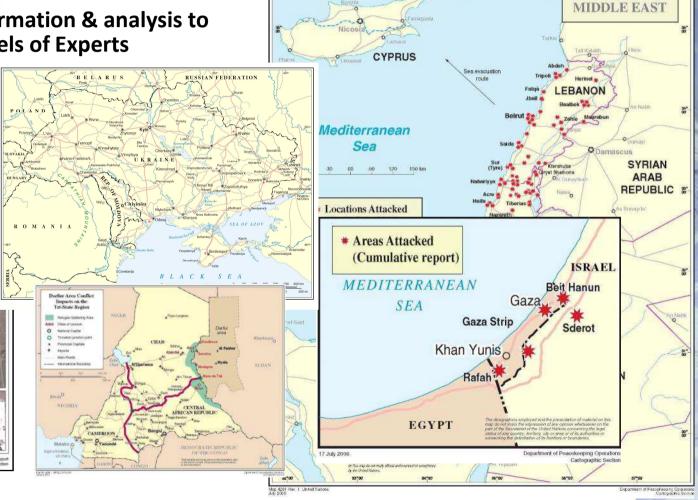


Security Council Support

- Provide Geo-information during the daily **Council's consultations & meetings**
- Provide Geo-information & analysis to the Council's Panels of Experts

5MWe Reactor & light Water Reactor

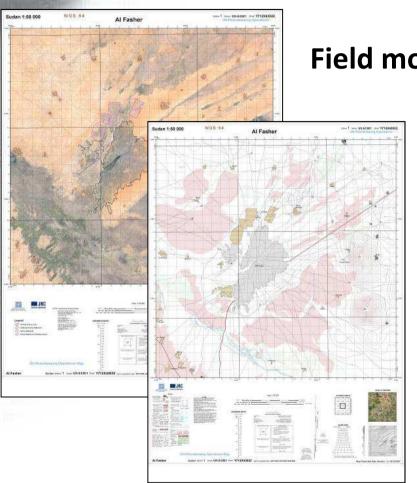
Construction Site



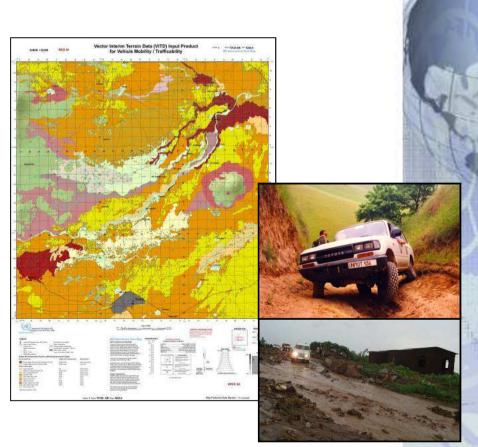
WESTERN AREA of the



Mapping/Geo-Databases & Trafficability



Field movement challenges

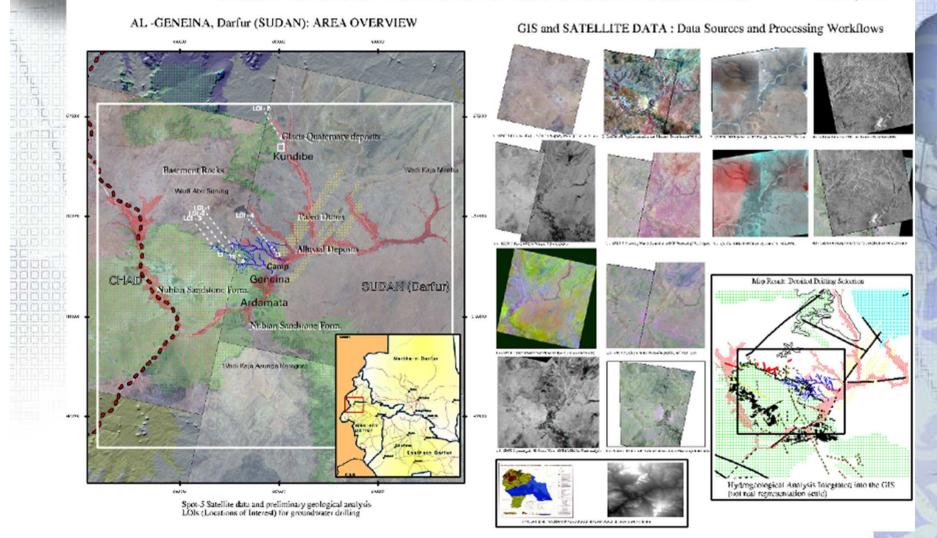




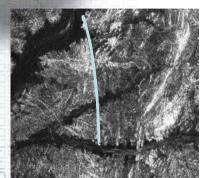
Underground Water Exploration in Darfur

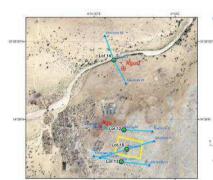
GROUNDWATER STUDY: SELECTION OF LOI'S FOR SURVEYS & DRILLING

Duskier: TAGY-0701-CNDPKO Taxanis: Agolication George/some 2007 IN DUSC Carlog works Section

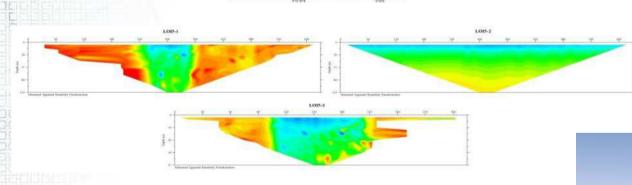


Underground Water Exploration in Mali









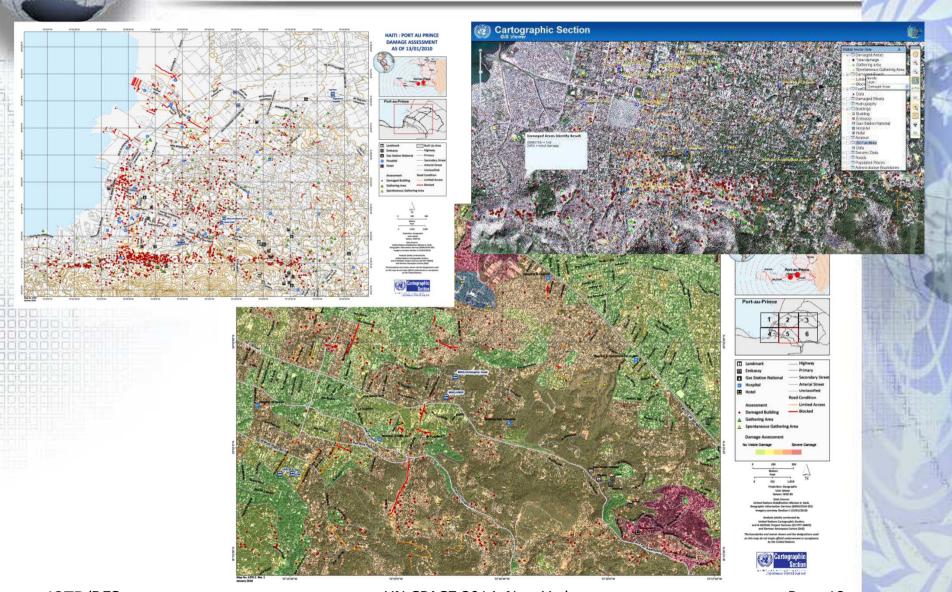
- High success rate using modern geospatial technology
- Water found in 6 towns (Tombouctou, Gao, Kidal, Almoustarat, Aguelhoc, Tessalit)

ICTD/DFS

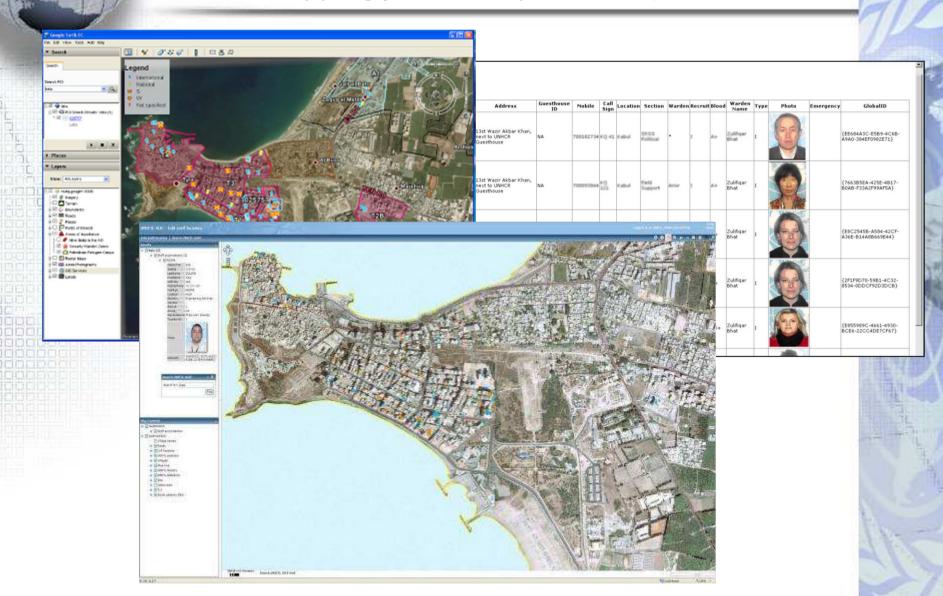


UN-SPACE 2014, New York

Geo Analysis for Damage Assessment in Haiti



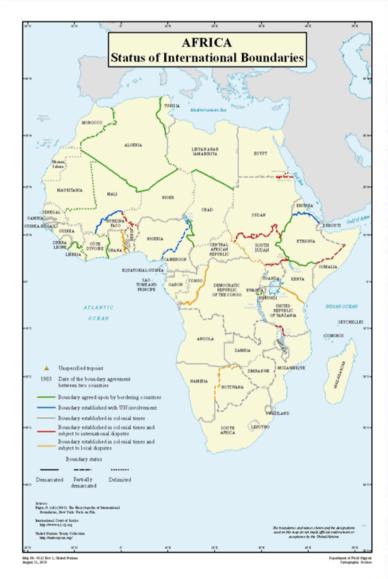
Web-mapping for Security Warden (UNIFIL)



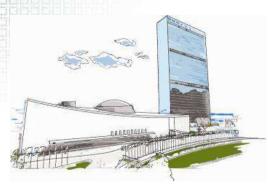


International Boundaries

- Border demarcation
 - . EEBC (Eritrea-Ethiopia)
 - . CNMC (Cameroon-Nigeria)
 - . IKBMP (Iraq-Kuwait)
 - . Blue Line (Lebanon-Israel)
 - . Green Line (Cyprus)
- Technical assistance
 - . AU Border Programme
 - . N-S Sudan Border demarcation
- Capacity building
 - . Boundary Information System
 - . Cooperation with major players



Challenges to effectively support **UN Operations**





Challenges

- Critical shortfall of Map & Geo-data for
 - Relevant briefing to support the Security Council decision making process
 - Effective mission planning
 - Supporting UN field operations
 - . No base map
 - . Outdated and/or inappropriate scale
 - . Digitization of paper maps required
 - . Ad-hoc solutions not satisfactory

Observations

- Needs further cooperation/collaboration with Member States on base map productions (i.e., MGCP)
- Geospatial technology underutilized due to lack of appropriate Geo-data



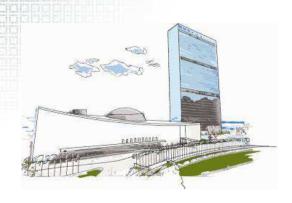
Challenges

Gap analysis

Requirement	Map scale	Data Availability			
		Paper maps	Vector data	Digital elevation	Satellite imagery
Overview Strategic plan	1:1,000,000	ONC available - outdated	Vmap-0 avail, outdated	DEM/DTED-0 available	LandSat
Strategic & operational	1:500,000	TPC & Russian maps – outdated	Not available.	DEM/DTED-1 available DEM 30-90 meter	NaturalVue
Operational	1:200,000 1:250,000	JOG & Russian maps - outdated.	Vmap-1 partially avail- able		SRTM, SPOT, etc
Tactical	1:100,000	US & Russian maps partially avail, outdated.	Vmap-2 Not available		
MilObs/CivPol	1:50,000	Not existence.	MGCP data		EROS, etc
City & Street	1:20,000	Not existence.	Not available	Not available	QuickBird IKONOS, etc



Support Framework and Capacity Building





Global GIS infrastructure 3-tier: UNHQ-UNLB/GSC-Missions

Cartographic Section
UNHQ
Strategic Guidance
Policy & Planning
Collaboration
International Boundary

MINURSO UNFICYP UNIFIL UNDOF

GIS Centre
UNLB/GSC
Map Production
Geo-Analysis & Services
Data Repository
GIS Training

UNSOA

1. Enterprise GIS system

MINUSTAH

- 2. UN Earth
- 3. UN Geo-database (UNmap)
- 4. UN Gazetteer
- 5. Satellite image database

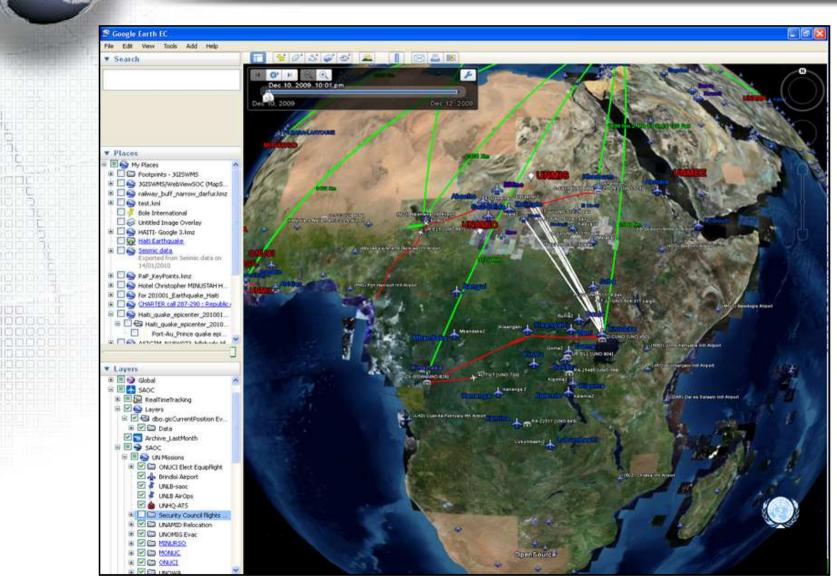
Mission GIS

Day-to-Day Operations Customized services Data Collection Terrain Analysis UNMISS

BINUB

MONUSCO

UN Earth





Collaboration & Partnership

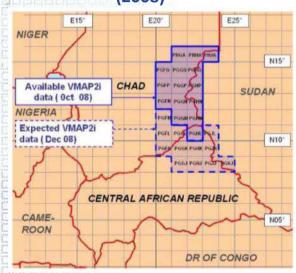
- Member States (France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Romania, Spain, UK, USA, etc.)
- UN Global Geospatial Information Management (UN-GGIM)
- African Union (AU)
- European Union (EU)
- EU Satellite Centre (EUSC)
- EC Joint Research Center (JRC)
- Multinational Geospatial Co-production Program (MGCP)
- GMES/Copernicus projects (G-MOSAIC, G-NEXT)
- NATO
- UN secretariat & agencies (UNGIWG), including UNITAR/UNOSAT
- International professional organizations (ICA, DGIWG, OGC, WWHGD, etc.)
- Academia & Research Institutes (CIESIN, IBRU, ITC, etc.)



Strategic Partnerships

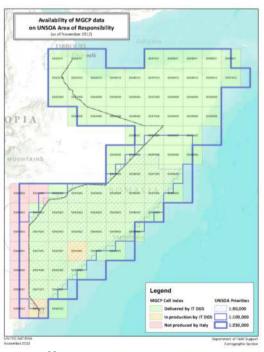
Member States

France for MINURCAT (2008)

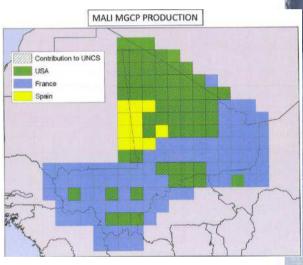


27 cells - 432 maps @ 1:50,000

Italy for UNSOA (2012)



France, Spain, USA for MINUSMA (2013-14)



136 cells – 544 maps @ 1:100,000

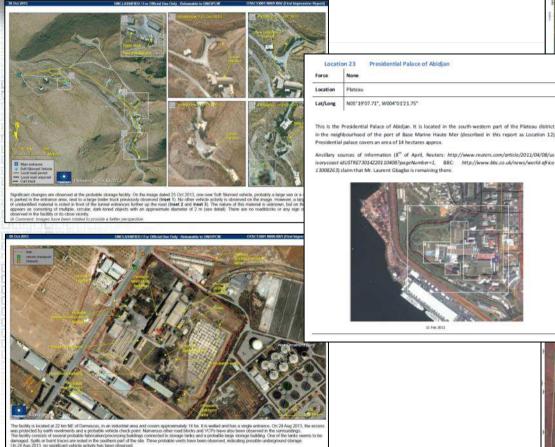
78 cells – 312 maps @ 1:100,000



Strategic Partnerships

European Union

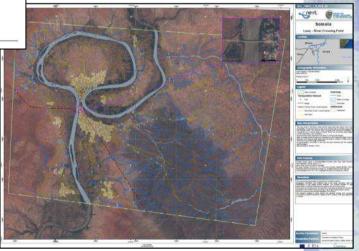
Presidential Palace of Abidjan



EU Satellite Centre (2005 - cont.)



G-MOSAIC (2009 - 2011) **G-NEXT** (start April 2013)



Vision: Geo-enabled UN Operations

UN Initiatives

- Global financial constraint "do more with less"
- Integration with ICT
- Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAV)
- Enterprise Resource Program (ERP) Umoja
- International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)
- UN Global Geospatial Information Management (GGIM)

Trends in Operational demand (user-driven)

- Complexity, Dynamic and Variability of UN operations demand:
 - . Real or near-real time response of spatial analysis
 - . Temporal geo-visualisation and geo-intelligence
- Real-time information and tracking

Trends in Technology (technology-driven)

- Advanced data collection (UAVs, VHRSI, 3D LiDAR, RFID, etc.)
- Publicly available data, Crowd sourcing data
- Mobile technology



Thank you

